



GUIA #18: Unit 8.Move Beyond 4 .

Nombre		Curso
		6to básico A-B-C
Contenidos	Habilidades	Objetivos de Aprendizaje
<p>GRAMMAR: Present Perfect(already, yet, just) Vocabulary: crime vocabulary, past participle verbs</p>	<p>Recordar-identificar-Comprender- escribir</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Leer y demostrar comprensión de estructuras gramaticales que contengan palabras de uso frecuente. - Escribir para describir acciones cotidianas.

Estimado estudiante :

IMPORTANTE:

- ✓ Recuerda que este año ***NO es necesario comprar el libro de Inglés y tampoco debes imprimir las guías***, pero todas las actividades deben ser desarrolladas en tu cuaderno.
- ✓ Informamos que el departamento de inglés esta utilizando la **Plataforma google classroom** para canalizar el trabajo y comunicación entre los profesores y los estudiantes. **Se ruega a ustedes enviar todos los trabajos de evaluación formativa al Google Classroom, estos serían el Musical Ranking y comprensión lectora.**
- ✓ Si tienes dudas de cómo funciona la plataforma, ingresa a estos links
 - + <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Xk2BcVIJtlw> (cómo usar google class room desde el PC)
 - + <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tMEobU7h3Y> (cómo usar google classroom desde tu celular)

Los códigos para ingresar a tu sala virtual son los sgtes:

8vo básico A- **wdw5rvl**

8vo básico B- **ugcxoeq**

8vo básico C- **7ye5gvn**

- Puedes complementar la información utilizando los siguientes videos en youtube para reforzar la estructura gramatical.:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SJXzXk-geP4>

- Si tienes dudas sobre esta guía o quieres que tu profesor/a te revise algún ejercicio escrito, puedes enviarle un email a :

tguzman@sanfernandocollege.cl

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Respuestas Guia 17

1a.

<u>watch</u> a D.V.D a movie a t.v. show a video	<u>Read</u> A comic book A magazine A newspaper A website	<u>Listen to</u> A podcast Music A cd
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2. 1A comedy 2B documentary 3C weather 4D Cooking show
 5E cartoon 6 F science fiction 7G news 8H talk show
 9 I Western 10J horror 11K game show 12. L adventure

3. 1D 2 C 3E 4 H 5 F 6 A 7 G 8 B

GRAMMAR: PRESENT PERFECT

A. Have you ever listened, have you ever read, have never done

1. It's a talk show.

2a.

3. Has Lily ever seen Pirates of the Carribean? Yes she has.

Has Omar ever seen Pirates of the carribbean ? No he hasn't.

4. Have Lily and Omar ever seen The Simpsons? No they haven't.

5. Has Lily ever seen the Transformers? No she hasn't.

6. Has Omar ever seen The Transformers? Yes, he has.

2b. (Estas respuestas son personales: **Yes I have/ No I haven't.**)

3. Have you ever eaten with chopsticks?

4. Have you ever had a judo lesson ?

5. Have you ever listened to hip-hop?

6. Have you ever played the piano?

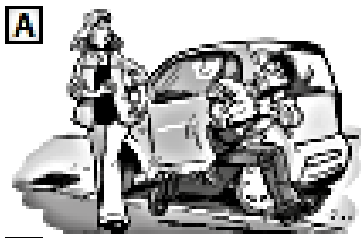
Vocabulary: CRIME WORDS

1. Put the crime words under the correct category.

CRIME- POLICE CAR- ACCIDENT- AMBULANCE- STEAL-
 CRIMINAL- THIEF- POLICE OFFICER- VICTIM- ARREST

<u>PEOPLE(PERSONAS)</u>	<u>VERBS(ACCIONES)</u>	<u>NOUNS(OBJETOS)</u>

2. **Match the words to the correct picture. Write A, B, C, or D. Some words may match to more than one picture.**



- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 crime <u> A </u> | 6 criminal <u> </u> |
| 2 police car <u> </u> | 7 thief <u> </u> |
| 3 ambulance <u> </u> | 8 police officer <u> B-D </u> |
| 4 accident <u> </u> | 9 victim <u> </u> |
| 5 steal <u> </u> | 10 arrest <u> </u> |

Grammar: Present Perfect



: El **present perfect** se utiliza para referirse a acciones que empezaron en el pasado y que continúan en el presente. No es importante saber en qué momento exacto ocurrió la acción. Su estructura es :

Affirmative	S + have/has + past participle I have tried sushi before.
Negative	S + have/has + not + past participle I have not tried sushi before.
Interrogative	Have/has + S + past participle Have you tried sushi before?

- En el presente Perfecto, se puede utilizar 3 adverbios. Estos son **JUST (justo)**, **ALREADY (recién/ya)** y **YET (aún / todavía)**.

ADVERBIOS	Posiciones	Tipo de oración	Traducción
ALREADY	Delante del VERBO	Afirmativa	"He has already arrived." - Él ya ha llegado."
YET	Al final de la oración	Negativa	"He hasn't phoned yet." - Él no ha llamado todavía.
		Preguntas	"Has he phoned yet?" - ¿Ha llamado ya?
JUST	Delante del VERBO	Todas	"They have just left." -Ellos acaban de salir

1. **Complete the sentences with the correct options.**

- 1 I've _____ seen this cartoon.
I remember it now.
a already b just
- 2 The police have _____ caught the criminal.
a just b yet
- 3 Lucia hasn't read that magazine _____.
a yet b already
- 4 Have you looked at his web page _____?
a yet b just
- 5 Help! Someone has _____ stolen my bag!
a just b already
- 6 You can't see her – she's _____ left.
a yet b already
- 7 Has anyone reported the accident _____?
a already b yet
- 8 We haven't heard the news _____.
a yet b just

2. **Complete the phone conversation between Marta and Mike with *already*, *just*, or *yet*.**

- Marta:** Mike. It's Marta. I've (1) *just* seen Harry.
- Mike:** Has he noticed the missing phone (2) _____?
- Marta:** Yes. He's (3) _____ looked in the classroom. He thinks you're a thief.
- Mike:** I've never stolen anything, Marta. I broke it. That's all.
- Marta:** Where are you?
- Mike:** I've (4) _____ gotten home. I'm trying to fix it.
- Marta:** No. Don't do that. You've (5) _____ caused enough problems.
- Mike:** So what should I do?
- Marta:** He hasn't told anyone (6) _____.
I think you should come back and tell him the truth.